

Further guidelines for the usage of the steadicams are outlined in [section 3.1.4](#).

## CRANE/JIB/POLE CAMERAS (B)

These are permitted behind the goal if they do not cause a security or safety issue for players, spectators or any other person operating in this area. Further guidelines for the usage of these cameras, including details of the required stretch test are outlined in [section 3.1.4](#)



## ADDITIONAL HIGH BEHIND-GOAL CAMERA (C)

A second high behind-goal camera may be installed in the opposite stand to the one installed for the minimum coverage. It must be at a height permitting an unobstructed view of the penalty spot from above the crossbar.



## 20M CAMERAS (D)

Two fixed pitchside cameras facing the imaginary 20m lines on the same side as the main camera.



## 6M CAMERAS (E)

Two cameras located on the same side as the main camera between pitch level and approximately five metres higher than the pitch, facing the 6m line.



## ADDITIONAL REVERSE CAMERAS (F)

Additional cameras on the reverse side, located pitchside, between the centre board and the corner flags.



## MINI-CAMERAS (G)

A mini-camera may be placed behind the goal, at the following position, but may never be attached to the net or the posts or crossbar:

- attached to the poles which support the net or the cable connecting the back of the net to the vertical stanchions directly behind the goals
- free-standing on a camera tripod or other appropriate secure camera mount, located behind the goal net (i.e. not the side of the goals)
- at pitch level

Cameras located behind the goal must be positioned according to the “stretch test” i.e. further than the maximum possible stretch extension of the goalnet, so that a ball or player hitting the back of the net cannot come into contact with the

